European Institute for Gender Equality

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FEMINICIDIO.NET

Observatorio contra las violencias machistas





Feminicidio.net created Geofeminicidio with the following goals:



- **1. To expand the amount of information available regarding the murders of women** from the analytical paradigm of femicide by using a tool to gather and systematize both quantitative and qualitative data.
- **2.** Take steps towards the creation of a juridical category that will make states answer at an international level for their failures to address the matter, and for allowing impunity to crimes committed by reason of gender.
- **3.** Locate femicides as a priority in the national and international economic and political agendas of states, since women amount to more than half of the citizenship.
- 4. Construct (and strengthen) a social network around this subject and promote the creation of associations, volunteering, and citizen journalism from a feminist perspective as democratic practices for community building.
- 5. To contribute to the creation of a historical memory of women who were murdered for being women.



TIPO FEMINICIDIO		AÑO		MES		CCAA		PROVINCIA	
Todas	~	Todas	~	Todas	~	Todas	~	Todas	~



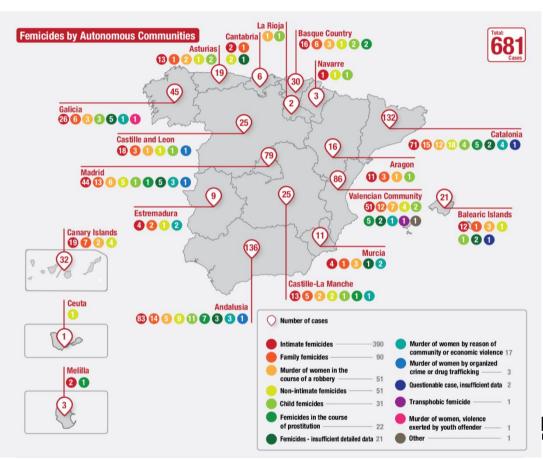
TOTAL	OFICIALES	OTROS
988	516	472

TIPO	CCAA	PROVINCIA	TOTAL
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia ju	Pais Vasco	Vizcaya	1
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Extremadura	Badajoz	2
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Cataluña	Barcelona	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Andalucia	Cádiz	1
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Cataluña	Girona	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	I. Canarias	Las Palmas de G	- 1
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	C. de Madrid	Madrid	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	R. Murcia	Murcia	- 3
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Galicia	Pontevedra	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Andalucía	Sevilla	10
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Cataluña	Tarragona	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	Castilla-La Mancha	Toledo	
Asesinato de mujeres por violencia c	C. Valenciana	Valencia	
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	Galicia	A Coruña	i i
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	Castilla-La Mancha	Albacete	
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	C. Valenciana	Alicante	
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	P. de Asturias	Asturias	
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	I. Baleares	Baleares	- 0
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	Cataluña	Barcelona	- 3
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	Andalucía	Cádiz	- 3
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	C. Valenciana	Castellón	
Asesinato de mujeres por robo	Andalucía	Córdoba	















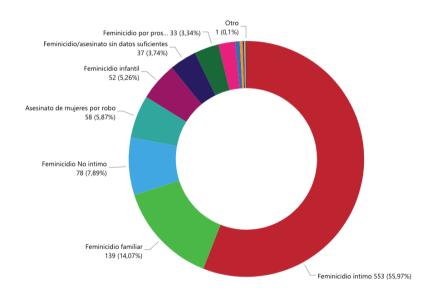


Intimate femicides:

- 56% of the cases since 2010
- Relationship: Intimate partner/expartner
- <u>Motives</u>: Continuum of violence, discussion, separation/rejection, etc.

Family femicides:

- 14% of the cases since 2010 (21% in 2018)
- Relationship: Other members of the family
 - 60% of them are perpetrated by the sons of the victims
- <u>Motives:</u> Continuum of violence, discussion, psychological/psychiatric illness, etc.







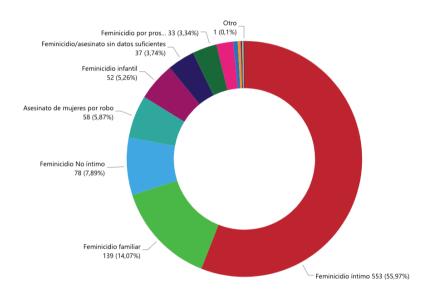


Non-intimate femicides:

- 8% of the cases since 2010
- Relationship: a man with whom the victim did not have an affective relationship (known or unknown to the victim)
- <u>Motives:</u> sexual violence, misogyny ot other reasons of gender

Child femicide:

- 5% of the cases since 2010 (9% in 2018)
- The victim is a girl of up to 16 years of age.
- <u>Relationship:</u> The perpetrator is a man in the context of a relationship of trust, responsibility or power conferred by the fact he is an adult and she is a minor.
- <u>Motives:</u> Revenge against the mother, sexual violence, misogyny and other reasons of gender.

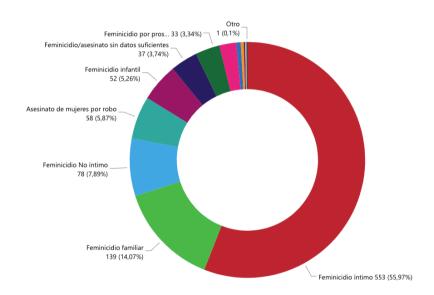








- Femicide in the context of prostitution:
 - 3% of the cases since 2010
 - When a woman is murdered by a man when engaged in a prostitutional relationship.
 - Motives: Hatred and misogyny fed by the stigma
- 85% of the cases are femicides. The other 15% of the cases are mainly murders by robbery or femicides/murders with not enough information to be classified.
- Femicides can also be two different types (intimate in the context of prostitution) or in connection with another femicide (non-intimate or family femicides, mainly).





Sources



FEMINICIDIO EN ESPAÑA 2015

ESTADÍSTICAS. INFORMES Y ANÁLISIS DE CASOS

Ministerio de Sanidad, Política Social e Igualdad, Delegación del Gobierno para la Violencia de Género

- Portal Estadístico.
- Información estadística de violencia de género (informe mensual).
- · Víctimas mortales por violencia de género
- (informe mensual).
- · Ficha resumen de víctimas mortales (datos anuales).
- Información estadística de violencia de género por Comunidades Autónomas.
- · Informe Anual del Observatorio Estatal de Violencia sobre la Muje
- · Macroencuesta de violencia contra la mujer 2015.

② Observatorio contra la Violencia Doméstica y de Género del Consejo General del Poder Judicial

- · Informe anual sobre víctimas mortales de la violencia de género
- y de la violencia doméstica en ámbito de la pareja o expareja.

 Datos de denuncias, procedimientos penales y civiles registrados, órdenes de protección solicitadas en los Juzgados de Violencia sobre la Mujer y sentencias dictadas (CENDOJ).

Ministerio del Interior

 Sistema de Seguimiento Integral en los casos de Violencia de Género (Sistema VioGén) (informe mensual).

4 Instituto Nacional de Estadística (INE)

- Padrón de habitantes.
- Seguridad y Justicia: Estadística de Violencia Doméstica y Violencia de Cépero.

 International references in the improvement of our own protocol:

- UNODC
- EIGE
- Women theorising the analytical paradigm of femicide



Challenges we face



- **1.** Tracing sentences on femicides, measuring impunity rates and the institutional response to all murders of women by men.
- 2. Improving indicators such as motives, key to identifying types of femicides.
- 3. Incorporating a database of forced disappeareances of women for gender reasons.
- 4. Engage in a deeper comparative investigation, study and report among the different types of femicide.
- **5. Contribute to the improvement of the official statistics**, especially focused on a broader definition of gender based-violence.









Proposal for the construction of an European database



- 1. Collect data on femicides in **no more than five categories** with different sub-categories
- 2. Define comparable categories among countries to allow global studies.
- 3. Centralization of the recollection of data both nationally and internationally.
- 4. Create and establish indicators measuring institutional responses against femicides:
 - Judicial response and sentences to victimizers,
 - Public policies to prevent every type of gender-based violence,
 - Reparation from the institutions to the victims and the survivors.



• ¡Gracias!

