EIGE's Gender Statistics Database: evidence for decisions

Accurate sex-disaggregated and gender-sensitive data helps track the impact of policies and reveals where more needs to be done to close gender gaps.

The Gender Statistics Database gives an accurate picture of the differences that exist between women and men in all areas of life and helps monitor progress towards gender equality in all EU's policies.

Bookmark the Database in your browsers! This is why:

▶▶▶ One-stop source

the Database provides a one-stop source for gender statistics at the Member State and EU levels. Additionally, the Database presents available data from other European countries.

▶▶▶ Easy access

It is useful for experts and non-experts who can search fast and easily for the original data and extract the tables and figures for further analysis. The website also enables the user to create and personalize different types of figures, like bar charts and time series.

▶▶▶ Up to date

the Database guarantees access to the latest available data that is not only sex-disaggregated, but also describes the situation of women and men in society.

Data Talks!

Gender statistics have interesting stories to tell.

When we publish important datasets, we tell these stories in easy-to-understand statistical briefs that present the latest trends across the EU Member States. They can also highlight the differences between the EU Member States and the other European countries.

The Database is used by the EU institutions to monitor progress in the area of gender equality, it is cited in academic research, and is a reliable source for journalists across the EU.

This is what some users of EIGE's Gender Statistics Database shared with us:

> 'I find functionalities user-friendly and quite analytical.' *Heidrun, researcher (AT)*

> 'We cannot talk about gender equality, if we do not know the numbers. I find the database useful for my work' *Nataša, journalist (SI)*

> 'Statistics are about hard facts, but when they are used to foster gender equality and improve citizens' lives, they become an indispensable tool.' *Anna, statistician (European Commission).*

How to cite EIGE's Gender Statistics Database?

We are very happy that you have used our database for your work. Once you have exported a data table/visualisation from EIGE's Database, please reference it like this:

'EIGE's Gender Statistics Database: Title of data set [hyperlinked to the original source]

Retrieved on dd/mm/yyyy'

Do you want to engage with EIGE experts working on the Database project?

Join the dedicated virtual workspace on EIGE's online consultation and cooperation platform - EuroGender!

Check all Data Talks here!

Register here!

Contact us! Working on a policy document, an academic paper or a media article and you can't find the data you need? Send us your query to: EIGE.SEC@eige.europa.eu

The Gender Statistics Database is a comprehensive knowledge centre for gender statistics and information on various aspects of (in)equality between women and men

The Gender Statistics Database tree structure is indeed an added value! Very convenient for policymakers, but also for those who support them with adequate statistics.

Browse gender statistics using the six entry points below

EIGE's Database presents a unique selection of more than 2 000 gender-sensitive indicators featuring sex-disaggregated data — a valuable resource for anyone striving to advance gender equality.

1. EU policies and strategies

➢ Strategic engagement for gender equality 2016-2019 ([1])
➢ European Pillar of Social Rights

➢ Europe 2020 Strategy
➢ Barcelona Strategy

Learn more about EU policies and strategies on our website!

Data updated as soon as it becomes available

The Database reflects the EU's political priorities for gender equality. It shows to what extent gender equality is achieved across the EU Member States and beyond. It supports the European Commission's policies and actions on gender equality and helps monitor progress towards equality between women and men in all areas of life.

2. Thematic areas

➢ Work and labour market
➢ Research, science, digital society
➢ Education, training and skills

➢ Demography and migration
➢ Fertility and reproductive rights
➢ Health and mortality
➢ Living conditions
➢ Time use
➢ Public opinion

Learn more about Thematic areas on our website!

Data updated as soon as it becomes available

In December 1995, the European Council acknowledged the EU's commitment to the **Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action for Equality, Development and Peace (BPfA)** and expressed its intent to review its implementation on a yearly basis. EIGE's Database helps monitor progress of women's empowerment under the BPfA critical areas of concern.

3. Beijing Platform for Action

➢ Women and poverty (A)
➢ Education and training of women (B)
➢ Women and health (C)
➢ Women in power and decision-making (G)

➢ Institutional mechanisms for the advancement of women (H)
➢ Human rights of women (I)
➢ Women and the media (J)
➢ Women and the environment (K)
➢ The girl child (L)
➢ Violence against women (D)
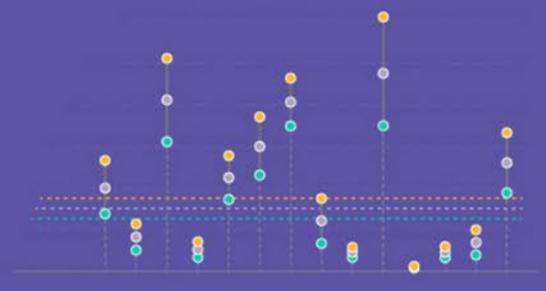➢ Women and armed conflict (E)
➢ Women and the economy (F)

Learn more about Beijing Platform for Action on our website!

Data updated as soon as it becomes available

([1])   In 2021, EIGE shall update the entry point with the EU Gender Equality Strategy 2020-2025 once a final monitoring framework is approved.

European Institute
for Gender Equality

Developed by EIGE, the Gender Equality Index measures how far (or close) the EU and its Member States are from achieving gender equality.

EIGE's Gender Statistics Database presents all data under six **core domains** (work, money, knowledge, time, power and health) and **two additional domains** (intersectionalities and violence).

4. Gender Equality Index

➢ Gender Equality Index scores
➢ Indicators used to calculate the Index
➢ Index intersectionalities
➢ Violence satellite domain

Learn more about Gender Equality Index on our website!

From 2019, data updated every year

EIGE collects data on the share of women and men in key decision-making positions in different policy areas.

The Database provides information that can be used to monitor progress towards the achievement of gender equality in decision-making. Data on decision-making is collected for:

- EU Member States
- Five EU candidates: Montenegro, North Macedonia, Albania, Serbia and Turkey
- Two potential candidates: Bosnia and Herzegovina and Kosovo*
- Three EEA countries —Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway

*   This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo declaration of independence.

5. Women and men in decision-making

➢ Politics
➢ Public administration
➢ Judiciary
➢ Business and finance
➢ Social partners and NGOs
➢ Environment and climate change
➢ Media
➢ Education, science, research
➢ Sports

Learn more about women and men in decision-making on our website!

Data on Politics is updated every quarter. Data on Business and finance twice per year.

The Gender Statistics Database contains data on gender-based violence from administrative and survey data sources.

The database provides access to existing statistical data on gender-based violence, to support institutions and experts engaged in preventing and combating gender-based violence in the European Union and beyond.

6. Gender-based violence

➢ Physical violence
➢ Sexual violence
➢ Psychological violence

➢ Intimate partner violence
➢ Female genital mutilation
➢ Trafficking
➢ Attitudes and perceptions
➢ Support services
➢ Statistical capacity and availability of data

Learn more about Gender-based Violence on our website!

Data updated as soon as it becomes available

How to search in the Database?

Users can either browse the Database using a set of predefined entry points covering gender-relevant topics, or look for data using a keyword search.

The **browsing option** is geared toward users who want to explore a category of statistical indicators (e.g. general thematic areas or specific themes such as decision-making). It is also user-friendly, and gives a structured guide to the available data. **The browsing structure is organised into entry points**. The entry points and tree structure are adapted regularly to suit users' needs.

The **keyword search option** is most suited to those who are looking for a specific dataset or area of interest but are not sure where to find it in the predefined structures.

Do you have data? These are the quality criteria

EIGE has adopted the quality assessment and assurance framework of the European Statistical System to evaluate data quality.

Data quality is assessed against the quality evaluation principles outlined in the European Statistics Code of Practice.

How to explore different data visualisations?

EIGE's Gender Statistics Database displays statistical data in three different ways:

EU Heat Map

Displays data using heat and symbol maps

The **EU Heat Map** is an interactive map viewer. For each selected indicator, the map displays the countries with different colour intensities; the higher the value of the indicator, the lower the colour intensity shown on the map.

Vertical or horizontal bar chart

Presents data for women and men at the country and EU levels, for one year at a time.

A bar **chart** shows data using bars that are proportional to the data values. Horizontal bar charts present the data values on the horizontal axis and the countries on the vertical axis. Vertical bar charts present all available countries on the horizontal axis and the data values on the vertical axis.

Line chart

Compares data over time, against other countries or the EU average

A **line chart** is a graphic representation of data that is plotted using a series of lines. Each line represents a country, and uses a different colour for each one. In this way, countries can be presented one at a time, in batches or against the EU average. All available years are on the horizontal axis and the data values on the vertical axis.

Data table

Displays existing data in a table

Data can also be visualised in a simple table. The table visualisation allows you to filter the data for selected years, countries and gender. For indicators that are not fully comparable across countries, e.g. those on gender-based violence, the data table is the only visualisation available.

How to download tables and graphs?

Export

All tables, charts and maps can be exported in different formats using the export button.

You can export data tables and visualisations in multiple formats. All visualisations (EU Heat Map, bar chart, line chart) can be exported and downloaded in PNG or JPG files.

Data tables can be exported and downloaded in **CSV, XLS, XML and JSON** files. Graphs and maps can be saved as **JPG, PNG, IFFRAME** formats.