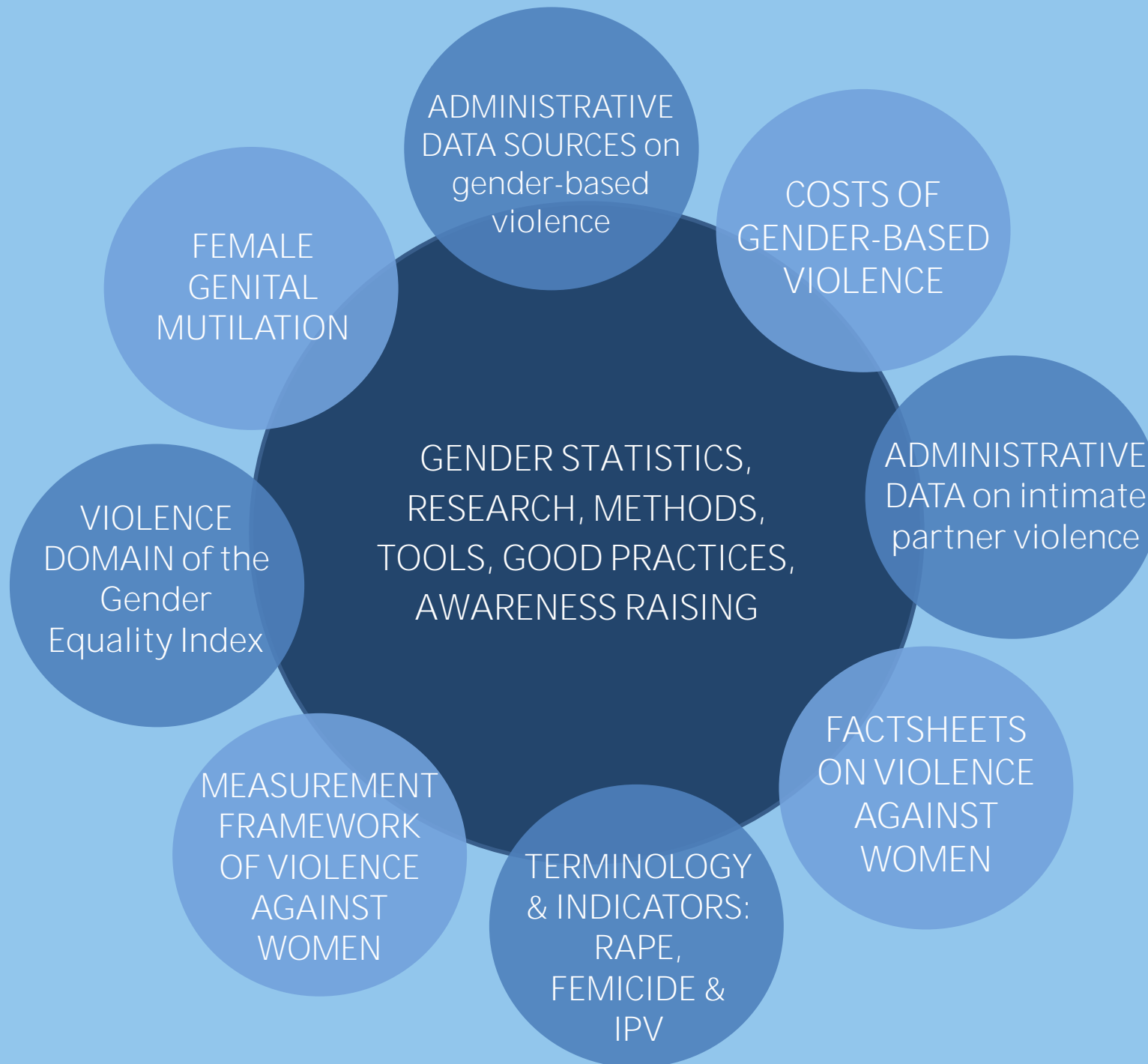


EIGE's work on Violence against Women in Europe



Thérèse Murphy

EIGE focuses on the following areas in its work on gender-based violence



Strategic framework on Violence against Women 2015 – 2018

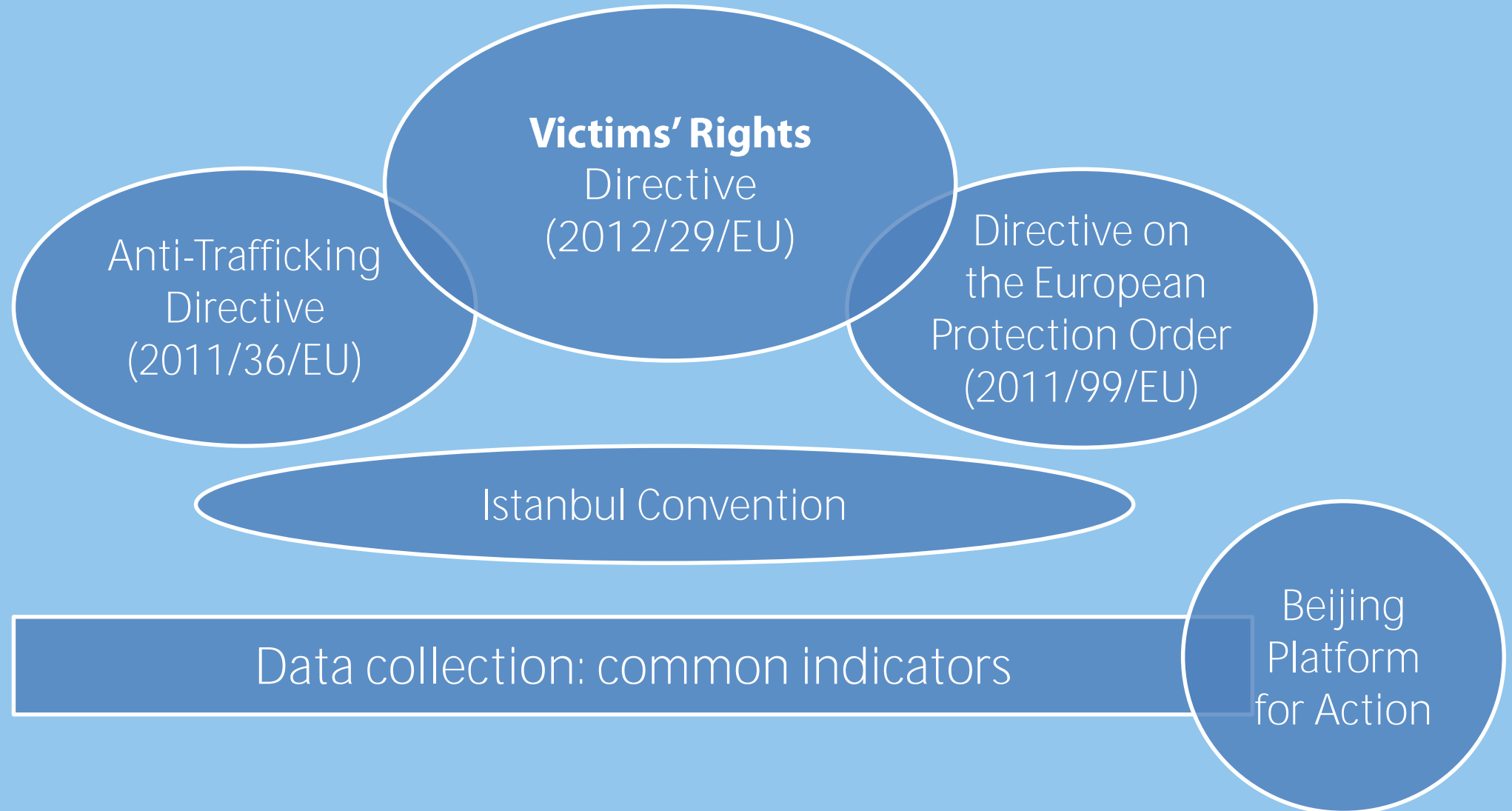
Improvement of data collection in the Member States

- Address data gaps and improve quality of data
- Support in collecting quality data
- Support in meeting reporting / monitoring requirements for the Victims' Rights Directive and the Istanbul Convention
- Prepare the methodology for collection of data

Activities in support of the Member States

- Propose and implement specific actions to facilitate the improvement of the quality of collected data
- Integrate violence against women within EIGE's gender statistics database
- Cooperate continuously with Eurostat
- Support the mainstreaming of gender into future data collection on violence against women

Obligations for data collection



EIGE's work on administrative data




Gender Statistics Database

National sources of survey and administrative data on gender based violence

Make

Data source

1. Variables list

Source	Variables available	Year Range
Police data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Age Sexual Assault All other sexual offences including Rape and Violent Indecent Assault Sexual Offence Victims Indecent Harassment 	2012-2015



MAPPING ADMINISTRATIVE
DATA SOURCES

ONLINE MAPPING TOOL

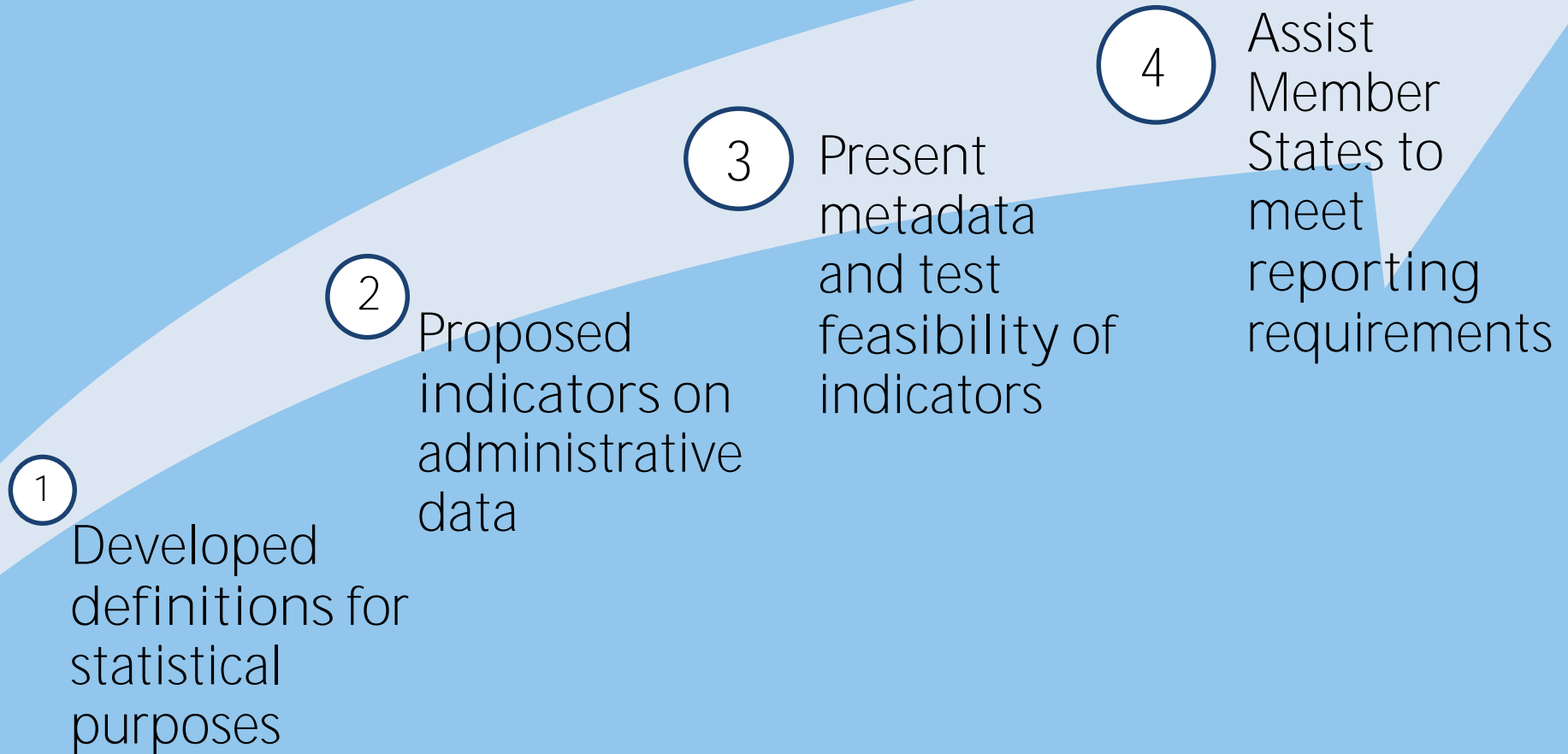
GENDER STATISTICS
DATABASE

GOOD PRACTICES

Identified challenges and gaps

- Data not for statistical purposes
- Differences in legal definitions
- Lack of necessary disaggregation
- Lack of inter-sectoral mechanisms and coding systems
- Limitations to accuracy, reliability and accessibility

Towards regular measurement of violence against women



Recommendations to improve data collection

- 1 Develop a legal act on a data compilation system
- 2 Monitor **the implementation of the Victims' Rights Directive**
- 3 Include violence against women in future European Statistical Policies
- 4 Adopt **EIGE's proposed indicators and definitions** for rape, femicide and intimate partner violence
- 5 Compile disaggregated data in line with the Istanbul Convention
- 6 Include additional offences related to intimate partner violence and femicide in data compilation
- 7 Support the development of specific ICCS coding categories for femicide, female genital mutilation, rape and intimate partner violence
- 8 Align the definition of rape with that of the ICCS
- 9 Coordinate data collection requests on crime statistics by GREVIO questionnaire and Eurostat-UNODC
- 10 Improve Eurostat health data on causes of death

Recommendations for Member States

- 1 Modify categories of victim-perpetrator relationship
- 2 **Provide separate data on the specific age group: '18 years and over'**
- 3 Align national data collection with the ICCS system and support its monitoring
- 4 Implement national correspondence tables for data submission
- 5 Improve the quality of administrative data collection through training and implementation of the European Statistical Code of Practice
- 6 Develop integrated IT systems
- 7 Publish data and metadata
- 8 Utilise specialised units of National Statistical Offices to coordinate data collection
- 9 Measure violence against women through national surveys
- 10 Improve regular estimations of the costs of violence against women in police and justice sectors

Scope of Current Research

Assessing the quality and availability of administrative data on intimate partner violence and rape collected by police and justice in individual EU Member States

Identifying gaps and challenges to regular comparable data reporting

Developing recommendations to improve data collection methods

Research Components

Create country factsheets for each Member State

Provide analysis of the challenges and barriers to meeting reporting requirements

Hold country meetings to agree on indicators and recommendations

Develop country-specific recommendations

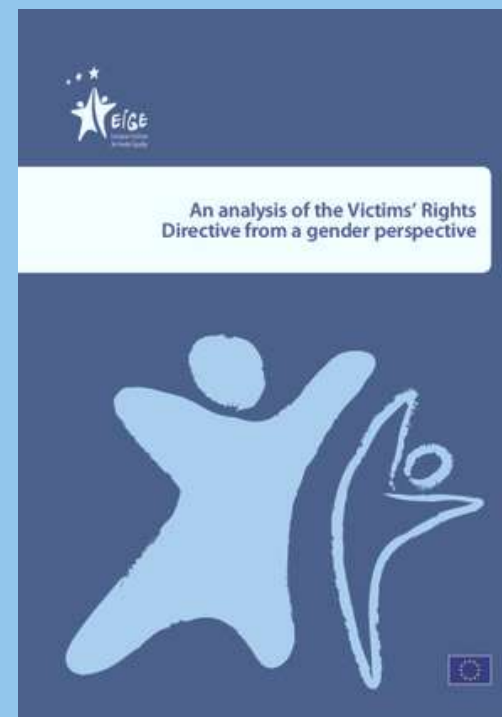
Develop recommendations for Eurostat to support improvement of the ICCS



To support Member States to meet data reporting commitments under international instruments

Analysis of Victims' Rights Directive

- Analyses implementation of each article of the Directive **concerning GBV victims' access to justice**
- Critically examines measures that are potentially counterproductive/ unintended consequences



Analysis of Anti-Trafficking Directive

Assess prevention and protection measures covered **from a GBV victim's perspective**

Assess the differences/overlap **with the Victims' Rights Directive**

Victims' Rights Directive
Vs.
Anti-Trafficking Directive

Comparative Analysis

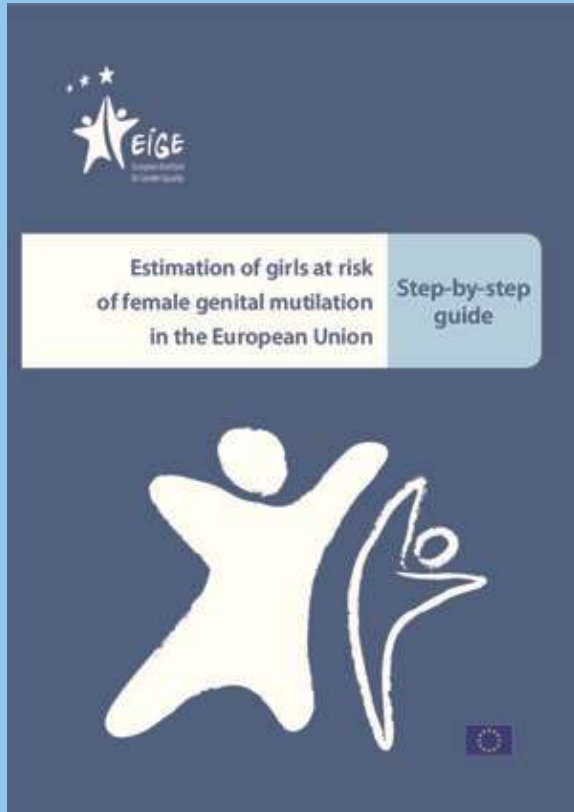
Gender Analysis

Assistance – Support
Protection
Compensation
Prevention

Improve victim protection

Consultation meeting
Indicators
Recommendations

Data on Female Genital Mutilation



Estimation of girls at risk of FGM in the EU (2015) Step-by-step-methodological guide

- Common methodological framework
- Practical support



Recommendation for a specific FGM code be included in the ICCS

- International comparisons
- Assess trends over time
- Provide total incidence figure
- Inform policy

Estimating girls at risk in 2017

A follow-up study in Belgium, France, Italy, Greece, Malta and Cyprus

Increase knowledge of recent developments in policy, legislation and research on prevalence and risk



To estimate the risk of FGM and update of the EIGE methodology on estimating girls at risk



Recommendations on more effective policies and services and on awareness raising and communications strategies

Let's talk



Gedimino pr. 16, LT-01103
Vilnius, Lithuania



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