

# Gender Equality Index 2017: Sweden



**Gender Equality Index 2017: Sweden**

The Gender Equality Index 2017 examines the progress and challenges in achieving gender equality across the European Union from 2005 to 2015. Using a scale from 1 (full inequality) to 100 (full equality), it measures the differences between women and men in key domains of the EU policy framework (work, money, knowledge, time, power and health). The Index also measures violence against women and intersecting inequalities. These are satellite domains and are part of the framework of the Gender Equality Index, but do not have an impact on the overall score. Intersecting inequalities show how gender intersects with age, education, family composition, country of birth and disability. The Gender Equality Index provides results for each domain and sub-domain for the EU and its 28 Member States.<sup>1)</sup>

**Progress in gender equality in Sweden, 2005-2015**

In the Gender Equality Index 2017, Sweden achieved a score of **82.6 out of 100**, which is an increase of 3.8 points since 2005. The score is the highest in the EU-28, but progress is happening at a slightly slower pace than in the EU on average. Sweden has remained the country with the highest score in the Gender Equality Index.

The gender equality score in the domain of **time** in Sweden is high and has remained stable. It shows good gender balance in the engagement of women and men in care and social activities.

Small improvements have been made in the domain of **health**, but there is still room to increase access to mental and sexual services.

The biggest improvements took place in the domains of **power** and **knowledge**. Greater representation in decision-making is evident in the economic sector, in education, women's and men's participation in formal or non-formal education increased.

The situation in the domain of **work** has slightly improved, but continued segregation of women and men in the labour market is holding the country back from achieving full gender equality.

The greatest challenge remains in the domain of **money**, where the distribution of economic resources between women and men became more unequal. The role of power is also becoming slightly

**+4.2** Change in score from 2005 to 2015

**82.6** Score in 2017

**78.8** Score in 2005

**EU-28** Average score

**50** Full inequality

**100** Full equality

1) The Gender Equality Index 2017 is based on the data of Gender Equality Indicators for Europe from Survey, European Health Interview Survey, EU Survey on Gender and Living Conditions, Survey of Living Conditions, Survey of European Quality of Life Survey, European Working Conditions Survey, EU Gender Equality Indicators and Data in Gender Equality and the Gender Equality Index Agency's Gender Equality Survey. The use of primary data collected by the respondents, together with the use of the information available to the indicator in order to do so, is the responsibility of the user.

Explore the Gender Equality Index at [www.gender-equality.eu](http://www.gender-equality.eu)

The Gender Equality Index 2017 examines the progress and challenges in achieving gender equality across the European Union from 2005 to 2015. Using a scale from 1 (full inequality) to 100 (full equality), it measures the differences between women and men in key domains of the EU policy framework (work, money, knowledge, time, power and health).

The Index also measures violence against women and intersecting inequalities. These are satellite domains and are part of the framework of the Gender Equality Index, but do not have an impact on the overall score. Intersecting inequalities show how gender intersects with age, education, family composition, country of birth and disability. The Gender Equality Index provides results for each domain and sub-domain for the EU and its 28 Member States.

## Read more

Explore your country's scores on the Gender Equality Index online platform →

Read about the scores of other EU Member States →

Read the report "Gender Equality Index 2017: Measuring gender equality in the European Union 2005-2015" →

---

## Downloads



### Gender Equality Index 2017: Sweden

EN (PDF, 319.58 KB)



### Jämställdhetsindex 2017: Sverige

SV (PDF, 323.19 KB)

---

## Metadata

**COUNTRY:** Sweden

**AREAS:** Gender Equality Index 2017 country factsheets, Gender Equality Index

**AUTHOR:** EIGE

**PUBLISHER:** EIGE

**ISBN:** 978-92-9470-482-5

**DOI:** 10.2839/779029