

Gender Equality Index 2017: Bulgaria


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The Gender Equality Index 2017 assesses the progress and challenges in achieving gender equality across the European Union from 2005 to 2015. Using a scale from 1 (full inequality) to 100 (full equality), it measures the differences between women and men in key domains of the EU policy framework (work, money, knowledge, time, power and health). The Index also measures violence against women and intersecting inequalities. These are satellite domains and are part of the framework of the Gender Equality Index, but do not have an impact on the overall score. Intersecting inequalities show how gender intersects with age, education, family composition, country of birth and disability. The Gender Equality Index provides results for each domain and sub-domain for the EU and its 28 Member States [1].

Progress in gender equality in Bulgaria, 2005-2015

In the Gender Equality Index 2017 Bulgaria achieved a score of **58.0 out of 100**. This score is lower than the EU-28 average and puts Bulgaria in 18th position. Progress towards gender equality has been slower than in other Member States, with Bulgaria's score increasing by 2.0 points. Challenges persist in all areas, especially in knowledge and time.

The domain of **health** has the highest score in Bulgaria. Gender equality in this field has slightly progressed, but Bulgaria remains in 27th position in the EU-28. Access to medical and mental services has improved significantly.

In the domain of **work** Bulgaria has slightly progressed, mostly due to women's and men's increased participation in the labour market. On the other hand, the career concentration of women and men in certain fields has increased.

The biggest improvements took place in the domains of **money** and **power**. Gender equality has improved in terms of earnings and incomes, but poverty and wealth inequalities have become more unequal.

Bulgaria has progressed in power and obtained the seventh highest score in the EU-28. The improvement has been driven by more gender equality in the sphere of economic power.

Gender equality in **knowledge** has stalled. Women and men have become more engaged in study fields. On the other hand, attainment and participation in education has slightly improved for women and men.

The utilization of **time** in care activities and social activities has become more gender unequal. It is the domain with the lowest score in Bulgaria, and is the lowest in the EU-28.

[1] The Gender Equality Index 2017 is based on the data of Gender Equality Index, EU Gender Main Survey, European Health Interview Survey, EU Survey on Income and Living Conditions, Structure of Europe for age of knowledge (European Quality of Life Survey, European Working Conditions Survey, EU Violence Against Women Survey, Survey on Access to Justice and EU on Gender-Related Field of the Underrepresented Higher Education Graduates Against Discrimination). The use of previous G-EI (2013, 2014) for data on intersecting inequalities (change of the indicator associated with indicators in other G-EI) is the responsibility of the sector.



14 Change in score from 2005 to 2015

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The Index also measures violence against women and intersecting inequalities. These are satellite domains and are part of the framework of the Gender Equality Index, but do not have an impact on the overall score. Intersecting inequalities show how gender intersects with age, education, family composition, country of birth and disability. The Gender Equality Index provides results for each domain and sub-domain for the EU and its 28 Member States.

Read more

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[Read about the scores of other EU Member States](#)



[Read the report "Gender Equality Index 2017: Measuring gender equality in the European Union 2005-2015"](#)



Downloads



Gender Equality Index 2017: Bulgaria

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BG (PDF, 346.87 KB)

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