

# Excised women or women at risk of excision in the Belgian reception structure

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Data on prevalence published in population and health studies

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## Data Collection

### Author(s)

Jaoui S.

### Year of data collection

2009

### Study population

Women residing in reception centres for asylum seekers

### Prevalence data on FGM

Fedasil estimated that from 598 women originating from countries where FGM is practiced, residing in their reception centres, 340 had undergone the practice.

### Disaggregated data per country of origin

Guinee (215), Somalia (37), Sudan (11), Ethiopia (10), Burkina Faso (9), Gambia (9), Ivory Coast (7), Djibouti (7), Kenya (6), Mauritania (5), Nigeria (4), Eritrea (4), Egypt (3), Sierra Leone (3), Togo (2), Tanzania (2), Benin (1), Cameroon (1), Mali (1), Senegal (1), Others (2)

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## Source

Study on the prevalence of female genital mutilation and the risk of female genital mutilation in Belgium; Federal agency for the reception of asylum seekers (Fedasil); Research Excision et Migration; [http://centres.fusl.ac.be/OBSERVATOIRE/document/Nouveau\\_site/documents/p...](http://centres.fusl.ac.be/OBSERVATOIRE/document/Nouveau_site/documents/p...)

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## Metadata

**TYPE:** Database

**LANGUAGE:** French

**TYPES OF GBV:** Female Genital Mutilation

**KEYWORDS:** female genital mutilation, gender-based violence, data collection