Police Records of Crime

Types of GBV

- Intimate Partner Violence
- Rape
- Sexual Assault (excl. rape)
- Sexual Harassment
- Stalking

* The police does not systematically collect data on Intimate Partner Violence, but does flag it

Purpose of data collection

- Ensure victim protection from perpetrator
- Inform/evaluate policy
- Contribute to other organisation database

Other purpose:
The PNC has become more of an investigative tool rather than its original purpose of a record keeping one.

Data available on
Victim

**Background information**
- Age
- Sex
- Nationality
- ID
- Name
- Ethnicity
- Marital status
- Dependents

**Relationship with perpetrator**
- No information available

**Repeatedly suffering from GBV**
- No information available

Perpetrator

**Background information**
- Age
- Sex
- Nationality
- ID
- Name
- Ethnicity
Marital status
Dependants

Other: If convicted/arrested: Fingerprints and DNA

Relationship with victim
No information available

Re-offending
No information available

Witness

Background information
No information collected on Background information

Relationship with victim/perpetrator
No information available

Incident description by witness
No information available

Children witnessing IPV incident
Yes

* IPV cases: whereabouts of children during incident (include relation to victim/defendant and age); safety of children (police and victim’s views); child protection proceedings - include whether referral was made to Children’s Services.
**Code system used**

- Police

* The Home Office Counting Rules (HOCR)

**Description of incident**

- Date/time
- Harm/injuries
- Location
- Type of violence

**Other:** In case of IPV bail history and any breach orders (including civil), previous domestic violence incidents (including against other victims), call outs/pre-convictions for defendant and victim/witnesses, DASH or local equivalent risk identification checklist with outcome (i.e. MARAC case, high risk, standard risk), any civil orders/proceedings and whether there has been previous breaches, any previous allegations (with urns) and how these allegations were concluded (if case did not proceed why not).

**Protection order**

- No information available

**Civil justice data**

- No information available

**Incident respond resources**
No information collected on Incident respond resources

Prosecution process

- This administrative data source does not collect information on Prosecution process

Outcomes

- This administrative data source does not collect information on Outcomes

Characteristics

Storage System

- In paper form
- Electronically (single files)
- Electronically (database)


Frequency of updating

- Ongoing

Quality assurance process

- No information available

Comparability

- Geographical
Timeliness

None

Current developments

No information available

Relation with third parties

No information available

Reporter

Victim
Witness
Offender

Website

Link to website

Metadata

ORGANISATION: Police
SECTOR: Police
GEOGRAPHICAL AREA: Local

GEOGRAPHICAL AREA REMARKS: * Territorial. For example England and Wales is split up in 43 territorial police forces (plus the British Transport Police)