

Gender Equality Index 2017: Italy



The Gender Equality Index 2017 examines the progress and challenges in achieving gender equality across the European Union from 2005 to 2015. Using a scale from 1 (full inequality) to 100 (full equality), it measures the differences between women and men in key domains of the EU policy framework (work, money, knowledge, time, power and health). The Index also measures violence against women and intersecting inequalities. These are satellite domains and are part of the framework of the Gender Equality Index, but do not have an impact on the overall score. Intersecting inequalities show how gender intersects with age, education, family composition, country of birth and disability. The Gender Equality Index provides results for each domain and sub-domain for the EU and its 28 Member States [1].

Progress in gender equality in Italy, 2005-2015

In the Gender Equality Index 2017 Italy achieved a score of **62.1 out of 100**, which is an increase of 10.9 points. This score is less than the EU 28 average of 66.2, but Italy has progressed the most out of all EU Member States. Italy has improved its score over 10 positions to reach 10th place.

All domains have improved except the domain of **time**, which has gone down by 1.8 points. The feminizing domains were **power** (+2.2 points) and **knowledge** (+7.5 points). Even though the score of **power** remains the lowest of all domains, the big leap forward in this area has brought Italy much closer to the EU average.

The situation in the domain of **money** has improved, but the distribution of income remains between women and men became more unequal. The domain of **work** has advanced with the inclusion of women's working time, catching up with men. Progress remains slow due to persisting inequality in sector and part-time participation in the labour market and a gender-segregated workforce.

The domain of **health** shows a high score in Italy that has advanced little. Access to medical and dental services is high for both women and men, but the number of years women and men can expect to live without long-term health care decreased.

Along with 11 other Member States, Italy's score in the domain of **violence** decreased, pointing to persisting inequalities in the historical domain of violence between women and men.



14 Change in score from 2005 to 2015

[1] The Gender Equality Index 2017 is based on the data of Gender in Education, Equality, EU Gender Year Survey, European Health Interview Survey, EU Survey on Income and Living Conditions, Structure of Earnings Surveys, EU Survey on Living Conditions, Survey of Adult Activities, European Commission and Eurostat. Gender Equality Index of the Gender Equality Index. The year of reference is 2005-2006 for data on working time, health care, change of the workforce, education for non-education to other than 100% of the working population.

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Gender Equality Index 2017: Italy

EN (PDF, 321.23 KB)



L'indice sull'uguaglianza di genere 2017: Italia

IT (PDF, 311.47 KB)

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