

A Successful Strategy to Integrate Sex and Gender Medicine into a Newly Developed Medical Curriculum

A new modular, outcome-based, interdisciplinary curriculum was introduced for undergraduate medical education at one of the largest European medical faculties. A key stated institutional goal was to systematically integrate sex and gender medicine and gender perspectives into the curriculum in order to foster adequate gender-related knowledge and skills for future doctors concerning the etiology, pathogenesis, clinical presentation, diagnosis, treatment, and research of diseases.

With this approach, quantitatively sex and gender medicine–related content was widely integrated throughout all teaching and learning formats and from early basic science to later clinical modules (94 lectures, 33 seminars, and 16 practical courses). Gender perspectives involve 5% of the learning objectives and represent an integral part of the assessment program. Qualitatively, the relevance of gender (sociocultural) differences was combined with sex (biological) differences in disease manifestation throughout the curriculum.

The appointment of a change agent facilitates the development of systematic approaches that can be a key and serve as practice models to successfully integrate new overarching curricular perspectives and dimensions—in this case sex and gender medicine—into a new medical curriculum.

Downloads



A Successful Strategy to Integrate Sex and Gender Medicine into a Newly Developed Medical Curriculum

EN (PDF, 782.17 KB)

Metadata

TYPE: Protocol

CREATOR/AUTHOR: Sabine Ludwig, Dipl. oec., MA, Sabine Oertelt-Prigione, MD, MScPH, Christine Kurmeyer, PhD, MA, Manfred Gross, MD, Annette Grüters-Kieslich, MD, Vera Regitz-Zagrosek, MD, and Harm Peters, MD

CONTRIBUTOR: Charité Berlin, Institute of Gender in Medicine

PUBLISHER: Journal of Women's Health

LANGUAGE: English

COVERAGE: Germany

SECTOR: Education, Health

FORMAT: Journal